## **Claims**

## We Claim:

- (cancelled) A composition of matter comprising an aerogel having a monolayer coating.
- 2) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 1, wherein said aerogel is a ceramic oxide.
- 3) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 2, wherein said ceramic oxide is selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, aluminosilicate, and combinations thereof.
- 4) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 1, wherein said monolayer coating is formed of self-limiting monomers.
- 5) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 4, wherein said self-limiting monomers are selected from the group consisting of alkyl silanes, chlorosilanes, boranes, chloroboranes, germanes, and combinations thereof.
- 6) (Currently Amended) The composition of matter of claim 1 wherein said aerogel having said monolayer coating has A composition of matter comprising an aerogel having pore sizes of between 150 Å and 250 Å and bottlenecks of between 110 Å and 150 Å said aerogel further having a monolayer coating.
- 7) (cancelled) A composition of matter comprising a ceramic oxide aerogel having a monolayer coating consisting essentially of a self-limiting monomer.
- 8) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 7, wherein said ceramic oxide is selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, aluminosilicate, and combinations thereof.
- 9) (cancelled) The composition of matter of claim 7, wherein said self-limiting monomer is selected from the group consisting of alkyl silanes, chlorosilanes, boranes, chloroboranes, germanes, and combinations thereof.

- (Currently Amended) The composition of matter of claim 7, wherein said wherein said ceramic oxide aerogel having said monolayer coating has A composition of matter comprising a ceramic oxide aerogel having pore sizes of between 150 Å and 250 Å and bottlenecks of between 110 Å and 150 Å said ceramic oxide aerogel further having a monolayer coating consisting essentially of a self-limiting monomer.
- (cancelled) A method for forming an aerogel having a monolayer coating comprising the steps of:
  - a. providing an aerogel and a monolayer forming precursor in a supercritical fluid.
  - b. reacting said aerogel and said monolayer forming precursor in said supercritical fluid to form a covalent bond between said aerogel and said monolayer forming precursor.
- 12) (cancelled) The method of claim 11, wherein said aerogel is provided as a ceramic oxide.
- 13) (cancelled) The method of claim 11, wherein said ceramic oxide is provided as selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, aluminosilicate, and combinations thereof.
- 14) (cancelled) The method of claim 11, wherein said monolayer forming precursors are provided as self-limiting monomers.
- 15) (cancelled) The method of claim 14, wherein said self-limiting monomers are provided as selected from the group consisting of alkyl silanes, chlorosilanes, boranes, chloroboranes, germanes, and combinations thereof.
- (cancelled) A method for forming an aerogel having a monolayer coating comprising the steps of:
  - a. providing an aerogel, a surface preparation agent, and a monolayer forming precursor in a supercritical fluid,
  - b. reacting said aerogel, said surface preparation agent and said monolayer forming precursor in said supercritical fluid to form a covalent bond between said aerogel and said monolayer forming precursor.

- 17) (cancelled) The method of claim 16, wherein said aerogel is provided as a ceramic oxide.
- 18) (cancelled) The method of claim 16, wherein said ceramic oxide is provided as selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, aluminosilicate, and combinations thereof.
- 19) (cancelled) The method of claim 16, wherein said monolayer forming precursor is provided as self-limiting monomers.
- (cancelled) The method of claim 19, wherein said self-limiting monomers are provided as selected from the group consisting of alkyl silanes, chlorosilanes, boranes, chloroboranes, germanes, and combinations thereof.
- 21) (original) A method for forming an aerogel having a monolayer coating comprising the steps of:
  - a. hydroetching an aerogel to provide a hydroetched aerogel,
  - b. providing said hydroetched aerogel with a monolayer forming precursor in a supercritical fluid,
  - c. reacting said hydroetched aerogel and said monolayer forming precursor in said supercritical fluid to form a covalent bond between said hydroetched aerogel and said monolayer forming precursor.
- 22) (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said aerogel is provided as a ceramic oxide.
- (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said ceramic oxide is provided as selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, aluminosilicate, and combinations thereof.
- 24) (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said monolayer forming precursor is provided as self-limiting monomers.
- 25) (original) The method of claim 24, wherein said self-limiting monomers are provided as selected from the group consisting of alkyl silanes, chlorosilanes, boranes, chloroboranes, germanes, and combinations thereof.